Transitioning To A Biosimilar: Assessment Of Unexpected Response

- Biosimilars are demonstrated to be as effective and safe as the reference biologic. The unexpected response may not be related to the use of a biosimilar.
- When assessing an unexpected response: acknowledge and address patient concerns, use objective measures in addition to subjective information, and consider all potential factors.

FACTORS	CONSIDERATIONS FOR REVIEW
Drug Storage Deviations from manufacturer recommended storage may compromise efficacy.	 Storage conditions ✓ Not exposed to temperature extremes (including during transport) ✓ Storage time at room temperature not exceeded ✓ Drug not expired
Drug Regimen Non-adherence may lead to treatment failure resulting in unnecessary changes to or escalation of treatment.	 Adherence ✓ Original reference biologic discontinued by patient ✓ Administered dose is the same as the reference biologic ✓ Dose given on time and as scheduled (i.e., no interruption of therapy)
Drug Administration Improper use of the device could result in delivery of subtherapeutic dose.	 Site of administration ✓ Appropriate and different from last site of administration Dose delivery (as applicable) ✓ Plunger of prefilled syringe completely depressed ✓ Viewing window indicates complete drug delivery ✓ Autoinjector held in place at least 10 seconds ✓ Dose not accidently discharged (i.e., autoinjector button pressed too soon)
Drug Interactions Concomitant medications or supplements may: • reduce efficacy of the biosimilar; • increase side effects; or • have side effects that mimic a disease flare.	 New use of: Prescription medications Over-the-counter medications Supplements Samples Products ordered on the internet or purchased outside of Canada
Clinical Status Of Condition Being Treated	Natural disease progressionPossibility of disease flare

FACTORS	CONSIDERATIONS FOR REVIEW
Other Therapies Used To Manage Condition	 Adherence or recent changes to: Concomitant medications Nonpharmacologic management (e.g. physical therapy, psychotherapy, diet, exercise, sleep/rest, etc.)
Overall Health Status	 Change in physical health including comorbid conditions, injury, or new diagnosis Change in mental, emotional, social health (e.g. financial instability, work stress, access to care, etc.)
Nocebo Effect Negative expectations may influence treatment outcomes.	 Patient knowledge about biosimilars and sources of information Patient anxiety about transitioning to the biosimilar Health care provider confidence in the quality, safety, and efficacy of biosimilars

Managing Injection Site Pain

The transition to a different product may result in a change to how the injection feels. Consider:

- Product formulation factors: excipients, pH, volume, temperature, viscosity
- Device features: needle length and gauge
- Injection technique: injection speed and movement during injection
- Patient factors: low body weight, female sex, mental health status, disease severity, expectations of pain

Unexpected and severe adverse effects should be reported to Health Canada:





Who to contact with questions or concerns:

- Saskatchewan Biosimilars Initiative: email sk.ca or call 1.800.667.2549 (306.787.8744 in Regina), option 3.
- medSask: email druginfo@usask.ca or call 1.800.667.3425 (306.966.6340 in Saskatoon)

